The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1867. NO. 12.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

THE FUTURE LAND AND TAX POLICY IN THE SOUTH—VIEWS OF WHITE AND COLORED.

A South Carolina correspondent of the New York *Times* gives a detailed account of a long conversation upon the political situation, which he had lately with Governor Orr, whom he considers a type of the departing era, and Beverly Nash, an intelligent and influential colored man, whom he regards as a representative of the new governing element in South Carolina.

Governor Orr states that in January, 1867, the triumph of the republicans in the fall elections of 1866, having produced a feeling of great uncertainty among the people, he went en to Washington and conferred with the Senators from Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Arkansas, and several other States, the result of their consultations being an agreement for an amendment to the constitution, which they got up and proposed to present to their Legislatures to be submitted by them to Congress. This amendment embraced impartial suffrage and the removal of all disqualifications either to vote or hold office. The matter was favored by the people of Charleston, but some delay arose, and meanwhile the military bill came up in Congress. Under the military laws Governor Orr estimates that between 4,000 and 5,000 voters would be distranchised in South Carolina, leaving the freedmen a majority of 23,000. From the efforts of radical emissaries to inflame their minds, he has been led to abolish the hope of having a conservative constitutional convention. He thinks that the chances are that in the election for the convention a large majority of colored delegates will be sent, and that their leaders will inculcate the doctrine of levying such a tax on land, above fifty or a hundred acres, as will compel owners to sell; next, to disfranchise every man who bore arms in the rebellion; third, to levy all taxes on property, and exempt poll and income taxes. In an answer to an inquiry whether the freedmen would demand office, he said that, perhaps, all the executive offices of the State, and even the judgeships would be be filled by them, and of the four representatives in Congress, he has very little doubt that three will be freedmen.

"Are not many anticipating a collision of races as the result of all this?"

"The republican organization in South Carolina means the organization of the blacks against the whites, and the negroes being invested with all this political power, it must be left to the judgment of discreet and experienced men what results will follow."

Beverly Nash defines his political position as Union Republican, and says he organized the first Loyal League in Columbia. He endorses the radical platform lately adopted there, but would like to see the disabilities of all the whites removed. The republican party, he thinks, will carry the State, and does not think much of the prospect of the formation of a moderate republican party. He thinks that if the South had gone back into the Union under the adoption of the Constitutional amendment, it would have been bad for the freedmen, because the people were not changed, and their rights would have been a dead letter on the statute book. In reply to an inquiry of his opinion as to the colored people holding office, he said that he and other leading colored men want to see them in some offices—not high ones, what they "want in this matter is more to test the sincerity of the government."—He said:

"Our leading men (colored) are against blacks holding office. Now, some wanted a while ago to run a colored man for Mayor of Columbia; we all hooted at it. But if Mr. Robeson, (a white citizen of Columbia, and an old resident) should run for Congress, we would all sustain him. We would rather have white people that have lived among us than strangers. We are feeling so almost unanimously. The colored people have grown suspicious of strangers. They know that good men don't come South—they have business at home; and, from what we have seen, those that come are adventurers, with both hands open, like birds of prey."

"Pretty good judges of human nature, your people!"

"Yes that is one point in the colored man—he will know more of your character in three days than you will of his in three months. It has been his business all his life to find out the ways of the white man—to watch him, what he means."

In reply to inquiries, Nash stated that the freedmen would all favor heavy taxation; imposing something like sixty cents per hundred acres, he looked upon as ridiculous. His idea was to tax fine lands, valued at one dollar per acre, twenty five cents per acre, and so *pro rata* for other lands, which would force owners of large tracts of waste lands to sell and give the freedmen a chance. In the rice culture, however, small farms could not succeed. He was opposed to confiscation, because he had no idea titles would hold after the present generation. The colored people of South Carolina would leave that to Congress, and make no expression of opinion about it. He claimed that there had been great improvement in industry among the freedmen over their condition in 1865 and 1866. He was asked if he agreed with the statement of Fred. Douglass in a late speech, that if the South had emancipated the slaves and put them into the army, the Confederacy would have been a fixed fact. He replied "yes," and that he "said so during the war."

We cannot doubt that this desperate experiment of negro supremacy will be emphatically condemned by the voice of New York in our coming November election.—A change of eight or ten thousand votes in the six hundred and odd thousands of this great Commonwealth is but a bagatelle; but it will suffice to revolutionize the State. Upon this broad and distinct question of negro supremacy, however, we may look for a change of thirty, forty or fifty thousand, as compared with the figures of our last November election. In Ohio, with Vallandigham and his obnoxious copperhead notions again in the foreground, there is but a gloomy prospect for the opposition elements. They cannot be combined on Vallandigham or under Vallandigham. But in Pennsylvania they have a very fair prospect of anticipating in October the inevitable November reaction in New York. The substantial yeomanry of Pennsylvania, who could not follow Buchanan, in 1860, in behalf of Breckinridge and the Southern slaveholding oligarchy, will not be apt to follow "Old Thad Stevens" in 1867, in behalf of Southern negro supremacy.—*New York Herald*, 17th.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,
OF NORTH CAROLINA,
BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to
PH. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

NORTH STATE IRON AND BRASS WORKS.

Again we beg to inform our friends and patrons that in the loss of our Machine Shops by fire we did not lose our FOUNDRY and PATTERNS, and that we have rebuilt

IN TWO WEEKS TIME

our Machine Shops—that we are now receiving

The Best and Most Highly Improved Machinery

that can be purchased. We are now prepared to furnish, upon short notice, all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

all sizes and descriptions of Forgings, and to finish and fit up the same in the best style. All kinds of repairing to Steam and Grist Mills furnished by us. We keep constantly on hand all kinds of

ONE AND TWO HORSE PLOWS,

and all the descriptions of Agricultural Implements used in this section.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Aug 6-305-tf

CLEAN SWEEP!

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDKF'S,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING,
BED TICKING,
10 4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gent's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy goods elsewhere until you give me a call. When I say I am selling at Cost I mean just what I say; it is not for the purpose of humbugging you.

Merchants in the City, whose stocks need replenishing, would do well to call soon and make their purchases.
GEO. T. COOKE.
Aug 8-307-tf

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK TIE,
ALSO,
BEARD'S
Patent Self-Adjusting Tie,

THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR BALING COTTON.

MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND CHEAPER THAN ROPE,

HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON

THE PATENT LOCK TIE,

we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand. For one Ton, and upwards, to dealers, a liberal discount will be allowed.
E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
Aug 16-8-2m
Standard copy.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD CO.
RALEIGH, Aug. 14th, 1867.

ON the 15th. inst., a cash dividend of *five per cent.* together with the proceeds of sale of fractional shares will be paid, at the office of the Company, to the stockholders, or their authorized agents.

The Stock dividend of 5 per cent. will be distributed upon the return of original certificates, to be taked in, and new certificates issued, including increased stock.

By order of Board of Directors,
W. W. VASS,
Aug 15-7-tf. Treasurer.

TIN WARE.

We have on hand a large Stock of TIN WARE of our own make, for sale to the trade or by retail.

ALSO

20,000 G. D. Caps.

J. BROWN.
Aug 8-309-tf With HART & LEWIS.

MASON'S PATENT

FRUIT JARS, 1 and 2 quarts,

For Sale by the single one, or dozen.

J. BROWN.
Raleigh, June 12-280-tf With HART & LEWIS.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL
DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE
TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangements have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *goin West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE.
Mail Train, 8.45 A. M.
Fast Line, 5.20, P. M.
Express train, 9.45, P. M.

LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,
Mail Train, 7.45 A. M.
Fast Line 4.30, P. M.
Express Train, 8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five to ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points where Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage checked* through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers on through tickets* can stop at *any point* on the route, as *through tickets are good until used.*

Passengers leaving Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not to detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western* States, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J. M. Pool, Gen. Ticket Agt. or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt & Ohio R. R.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
B. & O. R. R.
L. M. COLE,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't,
B. & O. R. R.
July 9-285-1y

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*," *No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellanous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City references, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-294-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
Book Sellers and Stationers,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS, MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA; BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES; ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We ar now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 25-297-tf

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
FAMILY GROCER,
NO. 56 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrups;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and sounds, Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 8—tf Family Grocer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT ITEM.

Books and Stationery are still cheaper than when we wrote you last.

In purchasing our new Stock of goods, we have selected only the VERY BEST ARTICLES, and many of them we find to be cheaper than the same qualities purchased in January and February.—We buy nothing but *quick stock*, hence we can afford to sell *for small profits*.

In order to *sell* well one must *buy* well, and this, several years of experience enables us to do. It is certainly our interest to give general satisfaction, and this has always been our aim. We are to-day receiving a lot of fine French and American, Letter Note, and Foolscap papers, which we will sell reasonably.

Call at our New Store next door above Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 22-268-tf

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,
FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,
June 10-258-tf President.

COTTON BAGGING.

520 BALES EXTRA HEAVY

INDIA BAGGING

FOR SALE

IN LOTS OF

10 BALES AND UPWARDS.

Each Bale Contains 360 Yards.

All orders accompanied with the Cash will be filled at the lowest market price.

For sale by

J. L. HATHAWAY & UTLEY,
Commission Merchants,
171 Pearl Street, New York.
Aug 5-304-2w

GREAT REDUCTION

IN THE PRICES OF

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Good bleached Shirtings, 12½c, 15c and 20c.
4-4 Brown Sheetings, 15 to 16c.
Good 10-4 Bleached Sheetings, &c.

WE OFFER OUR

ENTIRE STOCK

AT GREATLY REDUCED

PRICES.

Call and see for yourselves.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

A CHEAP COTTON PRESS.

Having been notified that a patent has been allowed me for a new and improved COTTON PRESS, I offer for sale State, County and individual rights.

This press is offered as combining more advantages for packing Cotton than any now in use. It is adapted to large or small farms; is so simple and cheap in construction that any good mechanic can build it; takes less man and horse-power to work it, with no exposure to the weather, and less waste of Cotton, than any other.

I have permission to offer as references, Messrs. Peter E. Smith, W. H Smith, D. Edmondson and T. Vaughan, of Scotland Neck N. C., all of whom have used it with great satisfaction on their plantations. Those who put up Screws will be sorry for it.

Reliable agents wanted to sell the rights throughout the Southern Country

For further particulars, address

J. H. GODWIN,
Scotland Neck,
Aug 14-6-tf N. C.

COWAND & HARRISS,
General Commission Merchants,
26 Commerce Street,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.

D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C.
R. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N. C
aug 16 3m

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH.

Fine Ivory Handled Knives and Forks;
Fine " Handled Dinner and Tea Knives, only;
Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons.

ALSO,

Spirits Turpentine.

J. BROWN,
July 27-293-tf With HART & Lewis.

NOTICE.

The next session of the NORTH CAROLINA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND will commence on Monday, the 2nd. day of September, 1867.

Any information in relation to the admission of pupils can be obtained upon application to me, by letter or otherwise.

W. J. PALMER,
Principal.
Aug 15-7-1m

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

HAVING ATTENDED THE LARGE

Closing Auction Sales

Of the Season last Week, and procured

MANY VERY

DESIRABLE GOODS

SUITED TO THE WANTS OF THIS COMMUNITY, I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY!

Among the many to be found, are:

500 yards real silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 25, at 62½ cents.

1,000 yards real Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 50, for 75 cents.

1,000 yards Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $2 50, for $1 00.

Plain Black and solid Colored Grenadines, at correspondingly low prices.

These goods are just the thing for the season and much needed, as they have been very scarce and high.

2,000 yards neat, pretty Dress Goods, in all kinds of the fabrics, worth 50 to 75 cents, for 25 to 37 cents

The best article for Travelling Dresses I ever saw, worth $1 50 for 62½ to 75 cents.

The most desirable shades of gray and drab Alpacas, at 75 cents to $1 00 per yard.

8-4 White and Black Crape Morets. Also Grenadines.

5,000 yards Black Alpacas: positively the greatest bargains ever offered in this market, at 50, 62½ 75, 87½ cts., and $1; worth in every instance double the money.

3,000 yards Black Silks, of the most approved makes, in Taffetas and Gro Grain, for 1 50, 1 45, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, and $2.50. These prices are from 50 cents to $1 00 per yard less than any similar goods have been offered in this market.

1,000 Parasols, in every style and variety, about half price—say from $1 50 to $2 50.

Also, Sea-side and Promenade Parasols, very desirable for travelling, watering places, &c.

The largest and finest assortment of Real Point Lace Goods ever offered in Petersburg, for less than half their value.

Real Point Collars!

Real Point Collars and Cuffs!

Real Point Setts!

Real Point Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs!

One real Point Applique Lace Shawl, a very valuable article worth $250.

10,000 yards of magnificent Lawns, from 20 to 50 cents, worth double the price.

The best Lawns ever offered in Petersburg for 25 cents.

1,000 yards Buff Linen Lawn, for Ladies' morning dresses; the most desirable goods in the market.

Also, 5,000 yards of Spanish Linen, Linen Coating, Linen Drills and Canvas Ducks, at 25 to 50 cents per yard, worth 50 cts., to $1.

Also, 100 pieces Canton Matting from 37½ to 65 cents per yard. Among them is the XX Imperial, the best Matting made.

It is not necessary to add more, nor to say I am selling lower than any one else. The public are the best judges of this, and I hope they will give their verdict substantially in my favor by their liberal patronage, and I will assure them I will leave no effort untried to please.

THOMAS SMITH.
No. 25 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.
June 20-266-tc

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orriss "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras	Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low*.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF

SINKING WELLS,
OR
THE NEW LABOR SAVING
ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for *every* family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25;
No. 2, $30,
WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to
MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
it produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST BRILLIANT BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 18-280-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE
Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.
1506 MAIN ST.,
(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)
Richmond, Va.
Oct. 18,'67

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors on and after the 1st of June, 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, *via* stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
PATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STARLING'S.)

Route *via* Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. BURD.....Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES, IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-289-3m

100 REAMS BEST WRAPPING PAPER 100 lbs. " " Twine, to be sold cheap.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 16-291-tf
Standard and Progress copy.

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, so there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $35, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.
REV. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22-286-2awtO1 President.

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC,

FOR 1868.

HAVING SECURED FROM THE PARTIES, (who alone have the right to publish Turner's North Carolina Almanac,) the exclusive privilege of selling the same in this state, we would therefore give notice that this is the only "*Turner's Almanac*" authorised to be published in this State. The Almanac is now in preparation and will be issued in a short time. All who wish to supply themselves with the well known and long established "Turner's N. C. Almanac," are solicited to send in their orders early.

A liberal discount made to dealers.

Address
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers
Opposite National Bank.
Raleigh, July 26-298-tf

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d. Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 22-294-tf

A FORTUNE WITHOUT WORK.

May be soon realized by purchasing of me a STOCK RANCH in Vanzant Co., Texas, 150 miles west of Shreveport, La., containing a house, 80 acres fenced, and 240 of opened prairie,

FOR $1000 ONLY;

AND 250 HORSES FOR THE SMALL SUM OF

$25 EACH.

with all the last Spring colts thrown in to boot. Neither food or salt is ever given them.

ALSO TWO COTTON FARMS

of 800 Acres Each,

with improvements, for $4 and $8 per acre, in Upshur Co Texas, on Big Cypress River, 50 miles from Steamboat navigation—and near the line of the A. & P. R. Road.

TERMS FOR ALL—one half cash, balance in one and two years, with good security. Title warranted—and Deed given when all is paid.

Address,
S. G. WARD,
Aug 2-293-3w Henderson, N. C.

COFFEE,
RIO,
LAGUYRA,
JAVA.

Wholesale or Retail at lowest market price. Quality prime. Call and see for yourselves.
DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 8-310-tf

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILLIAM LAMB,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NORFOLK, Va.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Leaf, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,

In the Market of

NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON,

Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, of North Carolina, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.
July 19-294-2m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,
OIL PORTRAITS,
PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.
Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd. The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
mar 2-175-tf

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

WARRENTON N. C.

THE *fifty third* session of this Institution will commence on the 17th. of July, with a full corps of experienced and efficient instructors.

The course of study extensive, instruction thorough and systematic. Government parental and attention paid to refinement of taste and manners; as well as to developing the intellect and storing the mind. Warrenton is noted for healthfulness; and a favorite resort of persons from the Eastern part of the State, during the sickly season.

Pupils received at all stages of the session, and boarded through vacation if desired. For Circulars, and further particulars address either Rev. M. M. MARSHALL, Mrs. M. J. WILCOX, or Rev. Wm. MONETT, D. D.
June 21-267-3m

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867.

The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10,00 per month,	$100.00.
Tuition, College Classes,	40.00.
" English Classes, (Preparatory)	30.00.
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25.00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus.

Address,
L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.
June 14-262-3m

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12 00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station, N. C.
June 26-271-6m

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSICIANS. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.
Prepared and sold by
B. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-156-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS,

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERED Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1.00
For two months	2.00
Three months	2.50
Six months	5.00
One year	10.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5.00
" " six months	2.50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3.00
" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. B. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1867.

"POWER OF THE COMMANDERS."

We did not expect such disingenuousness from our neighbor of the *Register*, as marked the tone of all its articles of yesterday, in reply to the *Sentinel*. Its readers could form no idea of the articles of the *Sentinel* or of our positions, from the bare reading of the replies of the *Register*. Its close imitation of another journal, in this regard, was not looked for at so early a period as this. The *Register* is learning rapidly to imitate, what we would fain have hoped it never intended to learn. We briefly call the attention of our readers to-day to the article of the *Register* under the above caption.

It charges us with being "greatly troubled" at the revocation of Order No. 10, whereas our pleasure was strongly evinced at what both the President and Gen. Sickles had done, and we expressed the hope that neither would give back. We moreover contended that both had done precisely right, acting from different stand points. It says:

"It is not that Order No. 10 sets aside the laws of North Carolina—for that is quite consistent with the acts of Congress under which General Sickles was appointed, and the theory on which they are vindicated; but it is because it at the same time runs counter to the National Constitution that Northern men and "radicals" will hold it to be untenable."

We showed that the President's order did not go far enough to vindicate the Constitution—that the ordaining a stay law in North Carolina, and prohibiting our State Courts from issuing executions against the people of this State, in cases of debt due to citizens, was as much a violation of the U. S. Constitution as the prohibition against the Federal Courts, and that Gen. Sickles' authority, under the Reconstruction Acts, was as potent in the one case as the other, where the authority of the Federal Constitution was involved. It provokes a smile, when our neighbor intimates that "Radicals" will vindicate the Constitution. Let the *Register* name the instance in which "Radicals" defend or vindicate that instrument!

We admit with the *Register* that Order No. 10 does produce, under ordinary circumstances, a double conflict with the Constitution and the laws of the United States. But we defy the *Register* to prove, that that was not precisely what Congress *intended* by the passage of the Reconstruction Acts. We contend that Gen. Sickles is executing the orders of Congress precisely as that body *intended* he should, and that, hence, there is no ground of quarrel between him and the President, but that the conflict is between the President and the Congress.

It says:

"The argument of the *Sentinel*, therefore, that General Sickles is made absolute within District No. 2, proves too much. It proves that he has a great deal more power than the extremest "Radical," North or South, will consent to give him."

The argument of the *Sentinel* was conclusive, and the *Register* fails to dislodge us from our position. Whether the extremest "Radical," North or South, will not sustain Gen. Sickles, remains to be seen. We were quite sure that that extreme Radical, Judge Chase, would not sustain him, and that that moderate Radical, Marshal Goodloe, would not, but the reason for this, we knew, was simply this, that "circumstances alter cases."

We beg pardon of the *Register*, when it says that the *Sentinel* forgot that the President has two functions, both civil and military. So far from forgetting it, we stated the fact, and that Gen. Sickles was bound to obey his military superior; but the President's order in this case is only a civil one about a civil matter, which, the reconstruction law says, he is not bound to obey. Moreover, the *Register* only gives half of the facts in attempting to vindicate Judge Chase's consistency. That Judge Chase's present position and the President's too will be vindicated and sustained by the Supreme Court, we have no doubt, and therefore we desire the case to be brought before it. But that will only go to make it the more transparent, that Gen. Sickles has simply followed the orders of Congress, fairly and legitimately construed, as the Military Commander.

Indeed, that Gen. Sickles will maintain his position, the action of Col. Frank, on Saturday last, proves.

THE REGISTER, in reply to our expression of suprise, that it should "circulate evil reports," calculated to keep up prejudices and animosities, on "hear-say," twits us with giving credence and circulation to the charge that Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, a Radical member of Congress, has been in the habit of holding "mid-night interviews in jail" with Conover, the perjurer, upon the sole evidence of the same perjurer. This is not so. The statement has been iterated and reiterated, for many weeks past, in the *Intelligencer*, and other papers at the North, and, so far as we have seen, it has not been denied, even by the Washington *Chronicle*. The *Register* will admit that, if false, the statement should have been denied; and surely the *Register* will further admit that the holding of such interviews, with such a man, by a member of Congress, is at least a circumstance of sufficient suspicion to warrant any subsequent revelations.

FIRST ON HAND.—Nelson Slough, Esq., Sheriff of Cabarrus County, (the first to settle this year,) paid into the Treasury, on yesterday, the State tax of his county, for the present year, amounting in nett to $4,269.85.

The Sheriff gives a good report of the promptness of his people in paying their taxes. He experienced no difficulty in col-

THE UNIVERSITY—PROF. HEPBURN.

We published, on yesterday, an interesting communication relative to the condition and wants of the University. We give, to-day, another article on the same subject; and have yet two others on hand, to which we will endeavor to give place before the meeting of the Trustees, on Thursday. It betokens a lively and gratifying interest in our great State Institution, that its exigency should have elicited so much discussion in so many quarters.

We have before us a letter from one of the most intelligent gentlemen in the State, who knows whereof he writes, in which he says:

"It is a great pity that respectable editors will publish, as facts, what they do not know to be true, and what, upon the slightest investigation, they would have found to be untrue. This remark is particularly applicable to the statement, in the last *Register*, that Prof. Hepburn was driven away from the University, by the students, on account of his political sentiments."

The writer's regret will be increased, when he sees, by yesterday's *Register*, that the Editor, so far from being convinced by the exhibit which we gave of the action of the Junior Class, the Executive Committee and the Board of Trustees, in the case of Prof. Hepburn, actually seeks to make it inferential evidence that its previous allegations were true! He says:

"But it is not said that the resignation was not caused by the annoyances and complaints to which the Professor was subjected in consequence of Union sentiments."

Of course, it was not so said, for the simple reason that, at the time the meeting of the Board was held, we presume, it had not been charged that the Professor had been treated with disrepect or insult on account of his "Union sentiments"; and it certainly did not become the Board to anticipate such an allegation, and to have gone out of their way to combat a charge which, with the facts before them, they could hardly have deemed it possible that the most inveterate prejudice would invent. But the Board did say that they would be gratified "if he (Prof. H.) will yet consider his resignation in a state of suspense for a few months, *until the success of the financial measures aforesaid shall be ascertained, and other reforms now in contemplation adopted.*" And this affords the exact key to the reasons of the Professor's resignation, as they were presented to the Board and as they really exist. It seems passing strange that *this inference* should have escaped the notice of the *Register*. It could, under ordinary circumstances, be accounted for, only on the hypothesis of hostility to the Institution, and a desire to injure *it*, as well as to prejudice the "loyal" *status* of the community. But we will not impute such motives to our neighbor. He is only fond of "splitting hairs," and his fondness for controversial quibbles and nicetles sometimes leads him to do an injustice, which he subsequently regrets.

These are the facts in the case, which Prof. Hepburn, were he accessible, at this time, would promptly sustain: He resigned for the reasons we have heretofore stated.—The students did all they could to retain his valuable services, and would now be most glad to have him back at the University. The letter of the Junior class expressed their "sincere regret" on hearing of his resignation, and their "earnest hope that you may be induced to reconsider it." And Prof. Hepburn replied by saying: 'I shall always prize most highly the unlooked for, generous expression of your confidence and regard, conveyed in your note of April 12th. I hope that you need no formal assurance that your kind feelings are most heartily reciprocated."

In this connection, the author of the communication, on the subject of the University, which we publish in another column, calls attention to the significant fact that while Prof. Hepburn, who has been inexcusably placed by others in the (to him) distasteful light of being a "*persecuted*" Union man, received, at the hands of the students, so well-merited a mark of their admiration, Prof. Martin, on the other hand, a gallant ex-Confederate Colonel, resigned without any such public token. This was not that the students undervalued Prof. Martin's services, or felt the less regard and esteem for *him*; but, apprehending that Prof. Hepburn's political antecedents (so far as he had any) might have caused him to distrust, in any way, with a natural sensitiveness, his acceptableness, they sought an opportunity, with a manly delicacy, to disabuse him of any such possible misgivings, while they were, at the same time, expressing their high appreciation of his services and his character.

A PRESIDENT FOR THE UNIVERSITY.—Every one seems to think that the University must have a President. If Governor Swain's resignation be accepted, why, if it is the purpose of the Trustees to establish a University *regime* there, have a President? The University of Virginia has none; why one in North Carolina? Why not make a beginning at once of the University system? Why not elect, out of the present Faculty, and from other sources, if needed, a No. 1. Faculty, and let the Professors elect a Chairman out of their number, annually?

But money is wanted, and is much scarcer than Professors are. The Institution cannot survive without money. There is no chance for help from the State, in time to relieve it, if ever. Now we propose that the Board of Trustees, at its meeting, on Thursday next, as a *dernier resort*, and to test the real devotion of the people of the State to the University, appoint an energetic, competent gentleman, at a fair compensation, to go through the State, and solicit subscriptions for the re-vivification of the University. North Carolinians have contributed recently to the benefit of the Washington College, in Virginia; why not for the University? We believe the plan will succeed. Let every friend of the University give, and have a chance to give, if it be only five dollars. No blushing, precise, faint-hearted man will do for the Agency. Let him be a working man, who is determined to succeed; and it will be done.

THE HON. BENJAMIN WOOD and Hon. A. Provor have published cards in the New York papers, denying that they have any knowledge of Sanford Conover, or of the parties who swear to have had interviews with them, for the purpose of fabricating testimony to injure the reputation of Judge Holt and bring about the release of Mr. Davis. They pronounce the statements made by the men whose names are appended to the affidavits "a string of unbridling falsehoods." The New York *Times* make a *quasi* apology for publishing the affidavits, and the Washington correspondent of the *Times* simply says he found them lying about loose. He desires it to be known that Judge Holt had no hand in the matter of their publication.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 19th, 1867.

Dear Sentinel:—Nothing of unusual interest has transpired since our last. The Methodist State Sunday School Convention has been in session and has successfully completed its deliberations. Representatives from all portions of the State were present, and much good was accomplished. Rev. Dr. Doggett, and others, delivered addresses and sermons during its progress, pronounced well worthy of the distinguished divines.

The Ex Officers, Soldiers and Sailors' Association, as you have before announced, is fully organized and is now under headway. This Association is looked upon favorably by Virginians, and much good will doubtless result from their action in opposition to Hunnicutt and his African cohorts. They will probably call a Convention soon of *loyal* Union men,—not Mr. Botts & Co., nor slimy Hunnicutt with his factory "niggers," but genuine men of respectable position,—and invite the co operation of all to assist them in the noble effort of raising old Virginia from her present desolation and degradation.

Pierpoint (since his thrashing, by a woman of this city, for pardoning the murderer of her son,) has been on a so-called Gubernatorial rampage, speaking in different parts of this State. His audiences have been composed mainly of negroes, and his speeches, of course, are of a thoroughly Radical, nigger-embracing tone. He evidently wishes to be Governor again, but as it appears from the registration that the whites are in a considerable majority, such will not probably be the case. God grant it! He has not been honored with any antagonist, but has the disgusting track *solus* in his glory; and, judging from his vile slander recently perpetrated upon the ministry of this city, it is to be hoped no gentleman will honor him by replying to him.

To leave this creature: Perusing the entertaining epistles of your fair Catawba Springs Correspondent, that reminds us of a duty we owe to the Richmond ladies,—especially after those splendid descriptions of head-gear, "Rats and Mice," worn by the Carolina Belles, and which here I notice appear to be entirely discarded, only to be increased in the size of *traps* which they wear as high "up stairs" on the head as possible and large enough to contain one's marketing. But as they have done away with the *Rats*, here, "driven them from the front," of course they have to cage them in the *rear*. The Waterfall here is huge, tremendous,—its contents not to be developed, even by one ever so impudent. The Richmond girls are heavenly, as they ever have been. They have the smallest feet, tiniest waists, slenderest forms and hands, of those in any city we know of, where the promenade is on pavements, as here, altogether, (considered ruinous to a pretty foot.) Nothing like a pretty foot! and a man's eye that's not as large as an elephant's when such a one is tripping lightly by, has no soul, no life and is not the man he ought to be. Don't you think so?

Your "*tar heel*" readers and friends in these parts are delighted to see it announced that the great Ex. P. G. is soon to take the stump in North Carolina,—delighted that, if he does so, he will probably receive an excoriation long due from Joe Turner and "old Zeb." We suggest, before he starts, that he send a "special" after Pennington, to come immediately, bring his tubs, stirrer, sugar and a few lemons, and accompany him in his peregrinations, as a little nice, cool *lemonade, five cents a glass* only, would be very refreshing.

Send for Pennington, and post the "show-bills." Let us know, and many here will forthwith go to listen to the Ex-P. G., and quaff P's delicious, cool, soul stirring, icy *lemonade*, at *only five cents a glass*, maintaining the utmost decorum during the entire programme.

Richmond is quiet, hot, dull. Large quantities of wheat are coming into market; also tobacco in smaller lots. The city was thoroughly and splendidly washed by the late heavy rain, tending much to its health. No particular damage to the crops as yet reported, from above us, though evidently heavy rains there, as the noble "Jeems" is terribly angry and thick with mud.

GRAPHO.

A COMPROMISE AND AN ORDER REVOKED.—The Wilmington *Journal* says:

"Messrs. John G. & F. A. Wright, father and son, residents of Cumberland county, had a difficulty with one Captain John Fry, during which the latter was shot and wounded by the Messrs. Wright, who were subsequently arraigned before the Courts and fined. Not being content with this action of the Courts, Captain Fry, a short time since, caused an order to be issued from General Sickles, for the apprehension of the Wrights and their arraignment before a Military Court. The matter was subsequently compromised, however, by the Wrights paying to Captain Fry the sum of $1,200, who then used his influence to have the order for the trial before a Military Court revoked. This order was received a few days since, and the matter is now settled, much to the advantage of Captain Fry—pecuniarily, but in no other particular."

The statements in regard to prison mortality at Andersonville and Elmira, by a former rebel prisoner confined in the Elmira pen in the year 1864, deserve to be carefully read. It is declared that whereas the mortality at Andersonville, from Febuary 1 to August 1, was less than three per cent., the mortality at Elmira was four per cent. during the same period; and that out of nine thousand three hundred prisoners examined at the latter prison on the 11th of September, eighteen hundred and seventy were found tainted with scurvy. It will be seen that our correspondent claims to make these statements from a correct copy of the official record, taken by him day by day. Whether the record itself, when produced, will tell a different story, remains to be seen; but it is high time that an official inquiry was had into the past conduct of not only the Elmira but other federal prisons, concerning which allegations quite as direct and damaging as these have frequently been made.—*N. Y. World.*

HEAVY DRAFT.—Robinson's circus carried away from Winchester for one performance, the snug little sum of $3,600, enough to make a family of moderate pretensions comfortable for life.

For the Sentinel.

THE UNIVERSITY.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—As a meeting of the Trustees of the University has been called to take place in Raleigh on the 22nd., to consider the present situation of that Institution, and as it is hoped that, at least, a quorum of that remarkably energetic and public spirited body will, at last, be induced to assemble, I think it will be well for all who feel an intelligent interest in the welfare of the State, to make any suggestions that occur, meanwhile, by way of throwing all possible light on the subject, and directing public scrutiny to it. What do the Trustees *propose* to do? What *ought* they do do? What *can* they do? It is a serious business and requires the earnest and careful deliberation of our best men.—The Board of Trustees is composed of many of the most intelligent and influential men of the State, North, South, East and West.

I hope they will come up from every section and let the State see they are worthy of their high trust. Shall the University be remodelled, re-organized, or are the doors to be closed? It remodelled, upon what plan? Your correspondent "S." appears to have the University of Virginia upon the brain. Very well, let him; only I hope it is not catching. There are, without doubt, many and important changes needed at our University, if not for their intrinsic and permanent value, yet for the purpose of awakening a fresh interest in it throughout the State and enabling it to regain its lost popularity. The few remaining chairs now occupied in its Faculty will doubtless all be vacant, when the Board assembles. I suppose the gentlemen who have held on there, have done so more from gallantry—that gallantry which urges the soldier on in the forlorn hope, or forbids the sailor to desert his sinking ship—more from such considerations, than from any reluctance to leave a post where, as the immortal Mr. Weller would say, "there was plenty to do and little to get." I doubt if they can be replaced in their several departments, but the Trustees will judge of that.

Your correspondent "S." has not said too much in Prof. Phillips' commendation, but I would not have omitted, as deserving of praise, the highly polished, scholarly and Christian gentleman who presides over the Latin department, or, again, the accomplished and gentlemanly Professor of Greek. I concur heartily with him in hoping that Prof. Hepburn may have such inducements offered him as may bring him back to his place. If Prof. Kerr could be persuaded to accept a chair there, it would be a great gain. But the first thing for the Trustees to consider is, what they can offer any decent scholar to go to Chapel Hill, either as President or Professor. The public is agitating itself with conjectures and suggestions as to Gov. Swain's successor. It had a great deal better be suggesting the ways and means for Gov. Swain's successor to live—supposing he had one.

Can either Gov. Vance or Mr. Geo. Davis afford to go there and live on one thousand or twelve hundred a year? Gov. Swain has a private fortune, and the wonder is how those members of the Faculty, who are understood to have no such resources, have managed to live for the last four or five years. Who will go and take their places? Will Prof. Kerr leave twenty-five hundred a year, as State Geologist, for the honor of starvation as Professor? Will Gov. Vance leave five thousand a year at the bar for the honor of reigning over the trees in Chapel Hill?

Changes must be made in the *curriculum* at Chapel Hill. It should be so arranged that a student may prosecute any course of study or any branch of science he may desire, without the damaging effect of being considered merely a "melish," as it was in my day; for though one could study what he pleased, and, if deserving, could get a certificate of proficiency, yet such a course was so generally deprecated by the Regulars, that most preferred to drag along as Regulars, though doing nothing and at the tail of their class, rather than incur such disparaging titles. Now is not the time to graft an *entire* University system upon the old College stock. Let the old system be retained for those who wish to be regular graduates, but let the diplomas be granted to those, also, who obtain a certain proficiency in any branch, as is done, I believe, at the University of Virginia.

There is one custom which, in my opinion, should by all means be abolished—that of granting diplomas to every member of the graduating class indiscriminately—the "tag rag and bobtail," who, as your correspondent "S." observes, if justice were done them, could not enter the Freshman Class. Let the Trustees decide that those only of the Regulars shall have diplomas who have uniformly, throughout their College course, won one of the three College distinctions, and let it be recorded in their diplomas.

There is much to be said and much to be done in regard to the University. The main thing to be done, to start it again, is to *raise the wind*. A few puffs will not do. I have puffed nobody, though, as an old student, I feel as if I could say much for my *alma mater* and the gentlemen who have guided her in past times to prosperity and who now share her decline of fortune. I do not understand how any man, whether Trustee or Alumnus, or in the more delicate position of head of a rival Institution, can permit himself to utter one word to the disparagement of such a fountain of public good as our State University has been. I am for having opinions elicited; let everybody, who has anything to say, say it by all means; but let everybody endeavor after fairness, generosity and the truth. *Let not one man* charge the University with having been a nursery for aristocratic young slave-holders, when the fact is, it has educated gratuitously more poor boys for the State than any other College in the land. *Nor let not another one* say that the loyal Professors have been run off by the secesh students, when the fact is, as I am reliably informed by one of them, the Union Professor was earnestly entreated by the whole body of students to remain, while the ex-Colonel in the Confederate service, though quite as much beloved and honored, was allowed, so far as I have heard, to leave without any such testimonial.

Chapel Hill folks, in my opinion, do not trouble their bowels much about politics; they are in too tight a place for the means of living at all, to care much about who is king; that is, if they are no richer than they were when I was there. Above all things, let the politicians, "rads" or "rebs," keep their hands off our schools and colleges. I speak for my own section.

Very respectfully,
EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA.

Some months since, the President, for purposes of economy, and in consistence with law and the policy of the Government, ordered the mustering out from the service of all volunteer officers on duty in the country.—Their places were to be filled by regular officers. It is now found that the order has not been obeyed. Many of the former officers are still retained, whose principal business, practically, has been of late to circulate Radical electioneering documents, establish negro leagues, and perform various other duties of a partisan political character. The correction of the evil will soon be enforced.—*Nat. Intelligencer.*

General Ord's policy has resulted in giving the work of reconstruction solely into the hands of disloyal men, and practically excluding the negroes from the polls, according to Radical reports.

For the Sentinel.

ORANGE COUNTY, Aug. 16, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—With your permission I will notice what the *Standard* lately said of my neighbor and friend, Thomas Wilson, one of the Registrars for this County.

Mr. Wilson presided at a loyal meeting held in Orange some months ago. The meeting resolved to obey all constitutional as well as unconstitutional acts of Congress—the constitutional acts, because it was their duty and pleasure; the unconstitutional, because they could not help themselves. The meeting expressed the hope that it was within the ways of God's providence to better their condition and relieve them of the despotism of Thad. Stevens and his faction.

The *Standard* denounced the meeting as a "drunken rebel meeting," and the last resolution as "worthy of demons," &c., &c.

Lieut. Porter, of Connecticut, a one armed soldier, of the U. S. army, was put down by the *Standard* as disloyal, and a man who had "disgraced his uniform by being in the meeting."

The President of that drunken meeting had not taken a drink in thirty years. The Secretary, N. P. Hall, is a strictly temperate man, and it is all of twenty years, I am told, since he has taken a drink.

Mr. Allen Brown, Mr. Dixon, and others I remember seeing in the meeting, were as noted in the County for their temperance as the President and Secretary of the meeting. Our neighbor, Mr. Heartt, could testify to the sobriety and high character of these gentlemen, if he would, and we think it was as little as he could have done, when they were thus assailed, to have stated what he knew of them.

As to Lieut. Porter, we don't profess to love him as Mr. Holden does all Yankees.—He was not invited to the meeting. When it was about adjourning he came in. If it was a disloyal meeting, there was just the place for a soldier who had lost one arm for the Union, to show himself. He took no part in the meeting, not even voting.

Being questioned, he did state he had never known a man, black, or white, to be "persecuted because of his Union sentiments." That is wherein he "disgraced his uniform" by telling the truth.

Mr. Wilson is denounced by the *Standard* as a copperhead, and not so respectable a man as Mr. Elmore Woods, the painter at Chapel Hill. Mr. Wilson is a Pennsylvania Yankee by birth, yet a man that every one respects (except the *Standard*,) for his piety, sobriety and truth.

Mr. Elmore Woods is one of Mr. Holden's magistrates and his first cousin. He is a respectable man, but he could not be, if he was any kin to Mr. Holden in politics. His detestation of his cousin William's politics has contributed to his respectability.

He always opposed his cousin William's Secession teachings.

He voted in Feb. 1861, against Convention, when his cousin William voted for it. In short he was a Union Whig, while his cousin William was a State Sovereignty Secesh Democrat.

I have said this much because no one else would.

Respectfully Yours,
WILLIAM McCAULY.

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVAL.—We are happy to announce the arrival in this city of that distinguished and heroic lady, Mrs. Jefferson Davis, whose fortitude and courage in trial and adversity has been unparalelled in history. We extend to her a heartfelt welcome, and hope that her sojourn among us may be as happy to her as her presence is to us. For the information of her friends we will state that she is stopping at the residence of Hon. James Lyons, where she will remain in privacy during her stay. She is accompanied by Prof. A. T. Bledsoe, a warm personal friend of her husband.—*Rich. Enquirer, 19th.*

The Loudoun (Va.) *Mirror* says that the board of registration for Loudoun county, "at its second session, determined that under the last order of General Schofield, common councilmen come under the disfranchised class, and struck off some twelve or fifteen names previously registered, who had held that distinguished post." An appeal was made to the commanding general, which resulted in the reversal of the action of the board; so that neither common councilmen nor deputy clerks are disfranchised."

The Rev. John W. Beckwith, of New Orleans, who was recently elected to the bishopric of Georgia, by the Protestant Episcopal Convention in that State, has reconsidered his declination of the high office tendered him, and has determined to accept the position. He will enter upon the discharge of the duties of the Episcopate early in the approaching Spring.

The Negro Equal Rights Convention at Reading, Pa., took strong ground. General Grant, on the one hand, was denounced as occupying an equivocal position, and Wendell Phillips condemned as unpractical on the other.

Since the "revelation," the Radical papers have said a great many hard things about Conover, but in all our exchanges we have seen nothing more severe than a remark of the Portland, Maine, *Press*, which calls the disclosures of Conover "an attempt to destroy the character (!) of Messrs Ashley and Holt."—*N. Y. World.*

The editors of the Democratic papers shouldn't call General Butler the "Old Cock." He hasn't won his spurs.—*Prentice.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

POMONA BUTTER.

Something exceedingly nice and sweet—far superior to anything we have seen in this market. Do pray send and get some of this.

JENKINS & PERRY.

Aug 21-12-tf

STOCK PEAS.

We have a lot of stock Peas for sale. Feed your Milch Cows on these, if you wan't them to give you quantities of milk.

JENKINS & PERRY.

Aug 21-12-tf

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MECHANICS' Tools and supplies. General Hardware. Guano, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Paint Oil, Belting &c., &c.

mar 30-199-1t

FARMERS' SUPPLIES!!

25 Bbls. City Mess Pork,
25 Do. Rump Do.
10 Bbls. 'Hiram Smith's" Family Flour,
25 Bbls. Superfine Flour,
7200 Yards Standard Gunny Cloth,
4100 Pounds Bailing Rope,
6600 Pounds Beard's Patent Ties,
200 Pounds Bagging Twine,
5 Bbls. English Glue.

In Store and for sale,

A. DAY, Agent.

Goldsboro', Aug. 19-10-1w

APPLE CIDER VINEGAR FOR PICKLING.

Those who are suffering with *excessive sweetness* have only to get a few drops of this, if they want to feel sour all over. Better send before it is all gone.

JENKINS & PERRY.

Aug 16-8-tf

RAILROADS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES

FROM CHARLOTTE AND ALL POINTS ON THE N. C. AND ITS CONNECTING RAIL ROADS TO THE SEABOARD AT WILMINGTON N. C., OR NORFOLK VA., via GOLDSBORO;

ALSO VIA PETERSBURG AND CITY POINT.

The Railways composing this all STATE RAILWAY line have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH AIR LINE

run to all the Northern markets on equal terms and charges via our own ports, or by way of Norfolk or Petersburg Va., to and from the North.

No discrimination in favor of any place or city, only so far as to carry the great products of the State as well as return merchandise over the Railway lines largely *owned by the State*.

This arrangement, while it gives as great facilities and as cheap rates as by *any other* line, will aid in paying something into the State Treasury and into the common school fund, by which taxes will be lightened and the poor children educated. These are some of the reasons for a change of route to pass by Goldsboro.

The N. C. R. R., the Wil. & Weldon R. R. and the Seaboard and Roanoke Rail Road Companies, have agreed that all goods, not otherwise specially directed, shall pass by way of Goldsboro, for Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston, at the same rates and in the same time that they can be carried by any other route

This has been arranged and freight trains now run in close connection from Portsmouth to Charlotte.

CARS RUN THROUGH WITHOUT BREAKING BULK.

☞ Be careful in shipping from New York to ship by old Dominion Steamship Co., 187 Greenwich Street, or Pier 37, North River.

By old Bay line from Baltimore

By Clyde's Steamers or Annemessie Railway, Philadelphia.

By E. Sampson & Co. Steamers, Central Wharf, Boston.

☞ See that no special direction is given to your goods by any Railway—not mentioned here. Take a through receipt to go by the "Inland air line," care of R. R. Agent, Portsmouth.

WILLIAM SMITH,
Master of Transportation.
Wil. & Weldon, R. R. Co.

Wilmington, Aug 2-303-1m

Charlotte Times, Old North State, Salisbury, and Progress, Raleigh, copy one month.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the *ten Thousand* Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessie,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Raleigh, N. C.

Aug 6-305-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

1867, FALL TRADE. 1867.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

BUGGY MATERIALS.

RIMS, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts, Dash Leather, Enameled Muslin, Drilling, Canvass-Duck, Moleskin, Oil Carpeting, with a general assortment of other materials.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Aug 12-315-tf

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

BONNIE BRAE, BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD.

Principals—Mr. and Mrs. CHARLES H. MCBLAIR.
Head of Scholastic Department—Miss DUNCAN.
English Literature and Belles-Letters—Mr. McBLAIR.
Modern Languages—Prof. LEONCE RABILLON.
Vocal and Instrumental Music—Prof. E. THOMBECKE.
Drawing and Painting—Prof. D. A WOODWARD.

This Institution will be opened on Monday, September 16th. The first session of the Scholastic year closes January 31st. The second session June 30th.

BONNIE BRAE is situated on an elevated Ridge on the old Frederick road, 2 miles from the western limits of Baltimore and within easy access to the Catonsville Passenger Railway that communicates with the city.

The number of pupils will be limited to twenty. Circulars giving further particulars may be found at J. S. WATERS & SON'S, Charles street, and ENTZ & BASH'S BOOK STORE, Charles street.

For admission apply to Mr. C. H. MCBLAIR, through the Baltimore P. O., Box 1,384.

Aug 7-308-1m

THE SOUTHERN FERTILIZING COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA., are now receiving and preparing their fall stock of FERTILIZERS, and offer for sale in unlimited quantities CRUSHED PERUVIAN GUANO,

selected from the purest cargoes imported, warranted pure and of the highest standard;

PHOSPHO PERUVIAN and OLD DOMINION,

prepared under the supervision of Professor WILLIAM GILHAM for the wheat crop, combining a large percentage of the Phosphates, with an adequate amount of Ammonia;

FRESH GROUND PLASTER.

Orders solicited.

JOHN ENDERS, President.
Office No. 104 Fourteenth Street.

Aug 17-9-2m

MISCELLANEOUS.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Two ladies of experience and ability desire situations as Teachers. They are prepared to teach Music, Latin and French, with the English branches.

Best of references given, if required.

Address P. O., Box 9,
Aug 14-6-4f Goldsboro, N. C.

CORN AND MEAL.

Prime White CORN and MEAL, can be had, by wholesale or retail, at lowest market price, at my store. A full stock constantly on hand.

DOUGLAS BELL,
Aug 19-10-4f Market Square.

FAMILY ROE HERRINGS!!!

Twenty Half Barrels of Wood's celebrated Family ROE HERRING, for sale from depot at low price. They are warranted "Prime Family Roe Herring."

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 19-10-1f

BACON!

SOUTHAMPTON HAMS!!!
REFINED FAMILY LARD!!!

P. R. SUGAR!

REFINED SUGARS!!
MOLASSES!!!

COFFEE,

RIO, LaGUYRA AND JAVA!!
EXCELLENT TEA!!!

A select assortment, wholesale and retail, by

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 19-10-1f

ON HAND

A FEW CANS (25 lbs.) White Zinc Lead.

ALSO,

Blue Parametta, 4 feet wide, for Top Linings.

J. BROWN,
Aug 17-9-4f With HART & LEWIS.

W. H. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 35 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers. ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.

Aug 20-11-6m

GOOD.

Pure old NASH BRANDY; Pure CIDER VINEGAR.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Aug 20-11-tf Wholesale Grocers

CORN.

1,250 Bushels CORN, arriving.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Aug 20-11-tf

CHEESE! CHEESE!!

We have just received a lot of MOUNTAIN CHEESE, very nice.

JENKINS & PERRY.
Aug 20-11-tf

N. C. HAMS.

Two other lots of good N. C. Hams.

JENKINS & PERRY.
Aug 20-11-tf

SIBERIAN CRABS!

A pretty little APPLE for preserving and jelly.

JENKINS & PERRY.
Aug 20-11-tf

W. J. HAWKINS, | J. J. THOMAS,
B. P. WILLIAMSON, | C. M. HAWKINS.

HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.

No. 44 South Street,

NEAR EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

WE BEG TO REFER BY PERMISSION TO

George W. Mordecai, Esq., Raleigh N. C.
Kemp P. Battle, Esq., " "
Phillips & Battle, Attorneys, " "
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, Warren, " "
Col. C. B. Mallet, Pres. Fayetteville & W. R. R.
Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., Fayetteville, N. C.
J. W. Lee, Esq., Johnson Co., N. C.
Dr. R. K. Smith, Chatham N. C.

Aug 19-10-3m

ENGINE, MILL, &c., FOR SALE.

We have for sale, at our Blast Furnace near Wilson, in Wilson Co., N. C., a splendid

40 HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with two Cylinder boilers. It is one of the best working Engines we have ever seen and has sufficient capacity to drive a saw and grist mill.—The grist mill is now with the Engine and the saw mill will be furnished, if required.

We have also two iron

BLOWING CYLINDERS,

four feet diameter and five feet stroke, in good working order and powerful enough to drive any blast furnace.

We have besides a CUPOLA, LADLES, CRANE and every thing suitable for a foundry. We will either sell all together or separately.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.
Aug 20-11-12waw4w Petersburg, Va.
Charlotte Times copy as above

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!!

Bought expressly for PICKLING.

For sale by

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 15-7-tf

20 BUNDLES HOOP IRON—1 and 1¼ inches.

J. BROWN,
July 29-300-tf With HART & LEWIS.

RAILROADS.

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD COMPANY.

OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER AND GEN. SUP'T, WILMINGTON, N. C., July 6, 1867.

REGULAR SCHEDULE.

ON and after July 5th, the following Schedule will be run by the Passenger trains over this Railroad:

DAY TRAINS,

Will leave Wilmington every morning (except Sundays) at 6 o'clock, A. M., and Weldon every morning (except Sundays) at 10:40 A. M., arriving at Wilmington at 2:40 o'clock, P. M., and at Weldon at 2:0 o'clock, P. M.

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAINS,

Will leave Wilmington at 9:30 P. M., daily, and Weldon at 6:25 P. M., daily, arriving at Wilmington at 2:20 A. M. and at Weldon at 6:00 A. M.—Thirty-three hours to New York.

Trains leave Goldsboro' at 1:57 A. M., and 12:35 P. M. going North, and at 2:05 P. M., and 12:31 P. M., going South.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

Leaves Goldsboro' at 1:30 P. M. on Monday, Wednesday and Fridays, arriving at Weldon 9 P

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will hereafter estimated at 13 *minion* lines, or 14 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1867.

To ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

CAPT. R. A. SHOTWELL, of Newbern, is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertising for the *Sentinel* in Craven, Carteret, Jones and Onslow. He will spend the summer at Morehead City and Beaufort, and will give us the news from that section.

REGISTRATION.

	Whites.	Blacks.
Caldwell Co. (2 precincts)	250	40.
Thomasville	147	51.
Long Creek (Mecklenburg)	119	93
Grantham's St., Wa'ne,	131	39
Smithville,	169	105
Federal Point, N. Hanover,	22	36
Lumberton,	218	235
St. Paul's, Robeson Co.,	97	65
Elizabethtown, Bladen Co.,	65	360
Goldsboro'	171	197
Whiteville, (Columbus,)	118	127
Morehead City,	61	68.

[Reported Specially for the Sentinel.]

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES *VS.* TOLAR, POWERS AND WATKINS.

MONDAY, AUG. 19th., 1867.

At the opening of the Court, an objection was made by Mr. Phillips, Counsel for Defence, to the manner of the arrest of Mr. Leggitt, the Saturday previous; which elicited the following explanation from the Judge Advocate: That Mr. Leggitt was arrested by an order from Gen. Sickles, charging him with complicity in the murder of Archy Bebee, issued some time ago; that he would have been arrested some time before, but for the suggestion of Col. Haywood, who thought that probably Mr. Leggitt might be intimidated, &c., and that it would probably be best to wait until he had given in his (Leggitt's) evidence; that the same reasons could not be applied to the other conspirators, as they had been previously arrested; and that the arrest of Mr. Leggitt was not induced by anything he said on his examination, or for the purpose of overawing other witnesses, yet to be examined.

An affidavit, sworn to by Capt. Tolar, was here introduced, and a request that Dr. Kirk, Surgeon of the Post of Fayetteville, and Sergeant Kunstler, Co. K. 8th. U. S. Infantry, be subpœnaed as witnesses for the defence.—Capt. Tolar having cause to believe that the body of Archy Bebee had been lately disinterred by Dr. Kirk and the bullet taken from his head and transmitted to 1st. Lt. Robt. Avery, Judge Advocate of the Court, by Sergeant Kunstler.

The Court ordered the witnesses to be summoned.

Mrs. Lucy J. Davis, sworn: Wife of Dr. James Davis. Live in Fayetteville. When Bebee was killed, witness was over the store of R. P. & J. H. Ellis, standing at a window. Saw Bebee first, when he was out on the pavement; saw him at the time the pistol was fired. The window was raised. The distance from witness to Bebee was about a hundred feet. Bebee was in custody of Sheriff Hardie, and near the South-east corner of the market house, when killed. Witness saw the smoke of the pistol; it was about three feet from Bebee and to the left and rear. At that instant, she saw Capt. Tolar, and he was standing about ten feet back, on the pavement, and in front of the main arch. Have known Capt. Tolar about two years, but only slightly. Could not be mistaken about the man. Did not see who fired the pistol.

Cross-Examined: Had been sitting by the window fifteen minutes—the large window marked on the diagram; heard the noise outside and got up and raised the small window. First saw Miss Massie drive off in a carriage, which attracted witness' attention; it was about five or ten minutes before Bebee was killed. Did not go to the small window until afterwards, some five or ten minutes; heard some one cry out, "stop the nigger, he will get away," and "shoot him." Then, witness raised the small window and looked out. Saw Capt. Tolar and one or two others just before and at the time the pistol fired. Capt. Tolar had on a gray shawl and was standing just in front of the main arch. Maltsby and Sykes were nearest him. Witness' attention was drawn from Capt. Tolar by the smoke of a pistol about three feet from Bebee.

Witness has told one or two persons of this before; also Mr. Fuller, one of the counsel for the defence. Only knew Tolar by sight; never had a personal acquaintance with him.

Re-Direct:—Had seen Tolar quite frequently at Mr. Taylor's store, just opposite her husband's office. The smoke of the pistol witness saw was just to the left of Bebee.

George W. Hollingsworth, sworn: Aged seventeen. Live in Fayetteville. Father is named Isaac; his place of business is No. 51 Person St.,—one hundred and twenty-six yards from the market house. Was at his father's store at the time Bebee was killed. Had just returned from hunting about ten minutes before. Did not go to the market house until about ten or fifteen minutes after Bebee was killed. Witness did not have a pistol on that day. Did not cry out, "Hurrah for Capt. Tolar."

Cross Examined:—Had been hunting with Willie Porter; we met "Monk" at Campbelltown. He told us of an attempt to commit a rape upon Miss Massie by a negro man, but said nothing further about it, except that the negro had been caught. "Monk" soon afterwards left us. Willie and witness then went home and divided their birds, and witness went to his brother's store, opposite his father's store. Pretty soon his father called him over and forbade him going up to the market house. Willie Porter kept on up towards the market house. Witness is certain that he was at his father's store the time Bebee was killed and did not go the market house until some minutes afterwards, and that he did not make the remark that "Capt. Tolar killed him."

In answer to a question of the Counsel for the Defence, the Judge Advocate stated that he expected the witnesses from Fort Macon this afternoon.

The Court adjourned to meet Tuesday at 11 A. M.

On yesterday, (Tuesday,) however, the witnesses not having arrived, the Court adjourned until this (Wednesday) morning, at 11 o'clock.

SEE NEW advertisements of Jenkins & Perry, in this day's *Sentinel*.

BROKE GROUND.—Messrs. Jno. G. Williams and Phil. Thiem broke ground, on yesterday, on the site of the contemplated new stores, adjoining Tuckers' Hall, which it is their purpose to erect at once. Improvement, in every part of the city, is the order of the day.

MAYOR'S COURT.—John Keaton, white, charged with assaulting, with a bayonet, a valuable bull, belonging to Henry Mordecai, damaging him greatly. Returned to the County Court.

Nat Vass, colored, charged with assaulting Mary Vass, colored. Fined $5.

A LOCAL ITEM.—On Monday, a queer looking specimen of undoubted African descent applied at this office for work in the press-room, which we didn't have it in our power to give him. The following colloquy took place, pending his application:

"Where are you from?"

"From Norfolk, sir."

"How long have you been living in the State?"

"About six months, sir."

"Have you registered?"

"Oh, yes, sir, I've registered!"

Now this grows out of the non-observance of what we have heretofore urged, that the Registrars, in *all* cases in which there is any room for doubt, should ask the applicant a few simple questions, before propounding the oath. This colored man may not have intended to commit perjury, and if he had been asked the direct question, "How long have you been a resident in the State?" all difficulty would have been obviated. As it is, we very much fear that many are in the same category with the person in question.

TREMENDOUS FRESHET.—We learn from a gentleman from Orange county, that the heavy rains of Wednesday and Thursday last caused the greatest freshet in Enoe, Little and Flat rivers, that has been known since 1795. Great damage has been done to fences and crops, and the bridges generally have been swept away.

Another friend, who has just returned from Chatham, informs us that the freshet has been almost as excessive and destructive in the Deep and Haw rivers.

THE JEWS are about establishing a synagogue in Wilmington. They are in correspondence with several Rabbis, with the view to the location of one, and offer a salary of 2,500 per annum.

The way that an earl calls a duke a liar in the British House of Lords was illustrated in a recent debate as follows:

"I beg to call the attention of my noble friend, the noble duke, to an observation which my noble friend the noble duke is reported to have made, and which my noble friend the noble duke will find, upon reflection, to be inconsistent with strict veracity."

DOLEFUL APPREHENSIONS.—The Washington *Chronicle* of Saturday says:

"The incidents of the past week, startling as they are, we have every reason to believe are but the beginning of a series of the most atrocious usurpations of Executive powers that can be conceived of in the interest of the President's reactionary policy."

A radical editor in Ohio by some means got hold of our photograph and says: "We don't want to look at the picture of the traitor, and have fastened it to the chair behind us." That's nothing—an ass before a cart!—*Brick Pomeroy.*

Theo. H. Hill, the North Carolina poet, whose genius is undoubtedly great, has recently recited a poem in Raleigh to a large and appreciative audience. The Old North State honors herself in honoring her poet.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

The Raleigh *Register* says that thirty "young men of color" are studying for the ministry in Richmond. The only "ministry" that we have heard of among the negroes here is that of "the gospel of Hunnicutt."—*Richmond Enquirer & Examiner.*

General Magruder and General Beauregard went on 'Change yesterday, and were hissed by some people whose loyalty is too gushing to be restrained by the trammels of decency.—*N. Y. World, 17th.*

The Archbishop of Canterbury stated at a recent meeting of the Hawaian Mission, that he knew few English ladies who could bear comparison with Queen Emma, of Honolulu, in a knowledge of the English language and literature.

FOR SALE.

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C. containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piazza in front. Kitchen, Smoke-house, Stables and other out-houses, a good and lasting well of water, nice flower yard, &c.

Price very low for cash. Apply at *Sentinel* Office, or address

R. ANDERSON,
Albemarle,
June 11-3mw*

DON'T FORGET!

That we are in daily receipt of those delicious Westbrook Peaches.

JENKINS & PERRY.
Aug 16-3-tf

TELEGRAPHIC.

Tuesday Afternoon Dispatches.

FOREIGN—BY STEAMER.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20, M.

The *Scotia* has arrived with European dates to the 11th.

Three regiments have been ordered from Ireland to Candia.

The Duke of Montrose expressed a hope in the House of Lords of daily mail communication with the United States.

Official reports show that from January to July there were 63,376 cases of cholera and 32,704 deaths in Italy. Sicily suffered most.

SIX FEMALES DROWNED.

DOVER, N. H. Aug. 20, 1867.

Eleven persons started for an island in Bow Lake to pick berries to-day. The boat capsized and six females were drowned.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20,—M.

Stocks dull and heavy. Money 4@5. Gold $1,41¾. Coupons of '62 $113¼.

Cotton quiet, 28½.

Turpentine easier 58@59.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 20—M.

Cotton, Uplands 10½. Orleans 11¼.

LONDON, Aug. 20—M.

Consols 94¼. Bonds 73¾.

Wednesday Morning Dispatches.

REGISTRATION.

WILMINGTON, Aug. 20 P. M.

The registration in the 2nd Ward continued to-day with a result of 65 whites and 68 blacks. Total for the two days, 143 whites and 281 blacks.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 20, P. M.

Registered to-day 361, of whom 227 were white and 134 black.

To-day is generally pronounced the hottest of the season.

COLUMBIA, Aug. 20, P. M.

To day 102 registered—42 whites and 60 blacks.

THE ORDER REMOVING SHERIDAN, AND OTHER WASHINGTON MATTERS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21, P. M.

The *Commercial's* special says that Grant's administration of the War Department is creating astonishment by his rigid economy and dismissal of the superfluous force.

Internal Revenue to-day $228,800.

The following is the order transferring Sheridan:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
Adjutant General's Office,
GENERAL ORDERS No. 77.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

The following orders have been received from the President:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

Maj. Gen. Geo. H. Thomas is hereby assigned to the command of the Fifth Military District, created by the act of Congress, passed on the 2nd day of March, 1867.

Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan is hereby assigned to the command of the Department of Missouri. The Secretary of War *ad interim* will give the necessary instructions to carry this order into effect.

(Signed.) ANDREW JOHNSON.

2. In pursuance of the foregoing order of the President of the United States, Maj. Gen. G. H. Thomas will, on receipt of this order, turn over his present command to the officer next in rank to himself and proceed to New Orleans, Louisiana, to relieve Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan of the command of the Fifth Military District.

3. Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan, on being relieved from the command of the 5th. Military District by Maj. Gen. G. H Thomas, will proceed to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and will relieve Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock in the command of the Department of the Missouri.

4. Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock, on being relieved from the command of the Department of the Missouri by Maj Gen. Sheridan, will proceed to Louisville, Ky., and assume command of the Department of the Cumberland.

5. Maj Gen. G. H. Thomas will continue to execute all orders he may find in force in the Fifth Military District at the time of his assuming command of it, unless authorized by the General of the Army to amend, alter or modify them.

6. Maj. Gen. Sheridan, before relieving Maj. Gen. Hancock, will report in person at these Headquarters.

By order of Gen. GRANT:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
Adjutant General."

PERJURY.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 20, P. M.

It is positively stated that H. S. Fitch, United States District Attorney, will, at the next term of the United States Court for Georgia, prosecute for perjury eight Southern loyalists, who it is alleged have taken the test oath contrary to the law and facts.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 20, P. M.

There were twelve deaths from yellow fever on Sunday evening.

The daily average of deaths at New Iberia, since the appearance of the disease, has been forty-one, out of a population of three or four thousand.

FROM GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, Aug. 20, P. M.

There were 34 interments on Monday.

An order has been issued, forbidding distinctions, by Railroads or other chartered Companies, which are common carriers, on account of color race or previous condition.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20—P. M.

Cotton a shade lower. Sales 1,000 bales 28½.

Flour firm. Southern $10,50@$13.

Wheat firm. White Southern $2,50.

Corn active and firmer. Mixed Western $1,12@$1,13.

Pork firm. Mess $25,30

Naval stores unchanged.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 20,—P. M.

Cotton steady and scarce. Middling Uplands 28½@29.

Corn, White $1,13@$1,15; Yellow $1,16@$1,18.

WILMINGTON, Aug. 20, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine quiet, 52½@53. Rosin quiet 3@$7.

The Cape Fear river has again overflowed, greatly damaging the crops.

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND,

SESSION OF 1867.

The next ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will commence on the first day of October, 1867, and continue until the 1st. of March, making a term of five months.

D. H. Tucker, M. D. Prof. of the Practice Med.
B. R. Wellford, M. D. " Materia Medica, &c.
L. S. Joynes, M. D. " Physiology, &c.
James B. McCaw, M. D. " Chemistry,
Hunter McGuire, M. D. " Surgery.
F. D. Cunningham, M. D. " Anatomy.
E. S. Gaillard, M. D. " General Pathology, &c.
J. H. White, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Every necessary means will be employed by the Faculty for the illustration of the lectures. Ample facilities will be afforded for the prosecution of Practical Anatomy.

Clinical Instruction at the Howard's Grove Hospital, the College Hospital, and the Richmond City Dispensary, located in the College building.

Fees: Matriculation $5; Professors' tickets, each, $15; Demonstrator of Anatomy, $10; Graduation, $30. Board may be obtained in Richmond at from $5 to $7 per week.

The Catalogue, containing full information, will be sent to those desiring it, on application to

L. S. JOYNES, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.
July 17-29-3taw2w2m

VINE HILL ACADEMIES,

SCOTLAND NECK, HALIFAX COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

Both of these institutions will commence Sept. 2d. 1867,—the Male under J. M. LOVEJOY; the Female under ANN LOVEJOY. A thorough course will be pursued in both. Boys will be prepared for College, or business.

The location is healthy, board reasonable, and the society as good as can be found in the State.

For particulars, address the undersigned at Raleigh, until August 25th; after that time, at Halifax, N. C.

J. M. LOVEJOY.

Aug 8-309-3tdstw

Weldon State, Tarboro Southerner, Washington Index and Wilson Carolinian copy five times and send bill to J. M. L., Scotland Neck.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

GOOD NEW
BETTER NEW!!
BEST NEW!!

25 Barrels Fine Extra and No. 1. Family, in Store and for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 5-305-tf

NEWS BY LAST NIGHT'S MAIL.

[Special Dispatch to the Baltimore Sun.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

GEN. SHERIDAN DISPLACED—REASSIGNMENT OF GENERALS HANCOCK AND THOMAS—ORDER OF THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.

It is understood that the President has prepared and sent to General Grant instructions to issue an order assigning Gen. Sheridan to the command of the Department of the Missouri, Gen. Hancock to the command of the Department of the Cumberland, and General Thomas to the command of the 5th. military district, comprising the States of Louisiana and Texas. The order will probably be promulgated to-morrow or next day; unless, in the meantime, General Grant shall suggest the substitution of some other names in place of Gens. Hancock and Thomas. In that case Gen. Sheridan may be assigned to some other command than that of Missouri, but certain it is, however, that the order relieves Gen. Sheridan from command of the fifth military district.

It is understood also that until Friday last it was the purpose of the President to assign Gen. Hancock to the command of the fifth military district, but he determined yesterday to give that position to Gen. Thomas, as evidence that the purpose in displacing Gen. Sheridan is not that an officer of different political sentiments shall succeed him.

The expected order relieving or suspending Judge Advocate General Holt, it is believed, will be issued during the present week.

CONCERNING CABINET CHANGES.

There is no doubt that politicians now, as they have heretofore, ever since the accession of Mr. Johnson to the Presidency, been urging upon him to make changes in the Cabinet, on the ground that thereby the administration would be strenghtened. It is equally well known that the present members of the Cabinet have more than once stated to the President that they will not for a moment embarrass him in making any change in the Executive Department that he may deem proper, but, at present, there is no prospects of any such change, the relations of the President and the members of the Cabinet being of the most courteous and friendly character.

General Grant has had a private consultation with the President, in which he urged the dismissal of every member of the Cabinet, in order to create harmony between Mr. Johnson and his advisers. The General is known to be particularly hostile to Mr. Seward, whom he regards as too adroit and dangerous to be trusted. He also fears that if the Secretary of State is retained, he will form political combinations in Congress, through the agency of Wade, to defeat any programme which may be adopted to restore fraternal relations between the North and South. It is deemed probable that should the General hold office, he will endeavor to have Sherman appointed to a place in the Cabinet.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. World, 19th.*

CHANGES IN THE WAR OFFICE.

General Grant is beginning to make use of the official guillotine, and has made quite a sensation already. It seems that while Stanton was in office he took care of a number of favorites, bestowing upon them snug little positions about Washington, and making them as comfortable as possible.—General Grant long ago, it is said, opposed this use of the patronage, but was overruled by the autocrat of the War Office. Now that Grant has assumed control, he is upsetting the nice little jobs of the select favorites, and assigning them with alarming rapidity to more active and appropriate duties.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Herald, 19th.*

THE STATUS OF HOLT.

Judge Holt will to-morrow publish a card stating that the recently published affidavit never came from his office, and denying that as an official he ever recommended the pardon of Sandford Conover. He further declares that all averments or intimations, by whoever made, or by whomsoever supported, that he is or has been in an alleged conspiracy against the President, to be false in every particular.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Herald, 19th.*

MARYD DEPOSITORY M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.

H. H. MARTINDALE, OF N. C.,
WITH
SELBY AND DULANY,
Publishers, Booksellers
AND
STATIONERS,
332 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.,

N. B. SELBY, W. J. C. DULANY.
Aug 5-304-2aw3m

CUBA MOLASSES

AT AUCTION.

BY CRONLY & MORRIS, AUCTIONEERS, ON

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21st.

AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.

We will sell on our wharf, foot of Mulberry Street,

100 Hhds.
22 Tierces, } Prime Cardenas Molasses.
31 Bbls.

Entire balance of Cargo of Schooner "Antelope," direct from Cardenas.

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Aug 16-8-td Wilmington, N. C.

FAST HORSE! BUGGY AND HARNESS!

One large Bay Harness Horse, *Fast*,
One open Buggy *good as new*,
One set single Harness, *new*,
One " double " "
Any or all of which can be bought low, for cash or a satisfactory note.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Aug 16-8-tf

WE HAVE A SECOND HAND BUGGY AND Harness for sale, cheap.

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 25-297-tf

VIRGINIA HAMS!

We have a small lot of Virginia Hams, which we will sell cheap, to close consignment.

JENKINS & PERRY.
Aug 16-8-tf

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Committee appointed at May Term of the County Court, will let to the lowest bidder the building of the bridge across Neuse River, at the place known as "Battle's Bridge."

Bids to be made at the place, on Saturday, the 17th. of August, at 12 M.

A. T. MIAL,
R. DUNN,
W. J BUBBEE,
WM. R. POOL,
WM. H. HOOD,
} Committee.

Aug 2-303-1aw3t
Standard copy 3 times, weekly.

MASON'S PATENT

FRUIT JARS, 1 and 2 quarts,
For Sale by the single one, or dozen.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, June 12-269-tf With HART & LEWIS.

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va. BRANCH, SONS & CO. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	25
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	17
" " at Graham	24
" North Carolina	47
" Roxboro'	5
" Thomasville	55
" Wadesborough	41
" Washington	13
" Wilmington	24
" Yanceyville	9
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	24
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	26
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	57
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	32
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	130
Silver	130
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	47c
" Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	25
" Wadesboro	24½
" Wilmington	24
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	17
" Commerce	16
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	9½
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	55
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	25
Miners'and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	23
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-296-3m*

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	18@25
" BALT'R & WESTERN	18@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@30
COTTON	21@22
CHICKENS, Spring,	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	25@50
EGGS	15@20
FLOUR	00@18 00
FODDER	1 50
HERRINGS	00 75@$12
HIDES—Green	10c pr lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	$1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 50@1 60
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 00@1 25
" Sweet	62½ 75
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and in demand at above quotations.

Corn scarce and in demand.

Flour declining in consequence of quantity of new crop being brought to maket.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand, but prices firm under the influence of Northern quotations.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL.
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF PRESH LIME FROM MAINE.
July 11-287-6m

GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING, AND Furnishing Goods, Boots and shoes, and a fine assortment of Gent's and Boys' Hats, at greatly reduced prices, at

M. ROSENBAUM.
Aug 1-302-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term. *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. N. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.
July 17-292-tf

A TEACHER WANTED.

To take charge of an Academy, in a healthful and pleasant neighborhood, fifteen miles south east of the City of Raleigh.

To a married man, with small family, wishing to spend his vacant hours in literary pursuits, or in husbandry, the place offered could be rendered very desirable.

To a single man, thoroughly qualified to prepare students for College, and with proper credentials, of moral character, inducements will be presented, on application to the undersigned, directed to the care of Mr. L. E. HARDY Raleigh.

A. T. MIAL.
Aug 8-309-3w*

FAMILY GROCERS.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS CORN.

Prime WHITE CORN, wholesale and retail, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Aug 5-305-tf Market Square.

LARD—No. 1.

Just received a few Packages of that nice LARD, by

DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 8-309-tf

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

SAVE LABOR & MONEY BY

BURNING

COAL!!!

PERSONS WHO INTEND USING COAL During the

COMING WINTER

will find it greatly to their advantage to supply themselves without any unnecessary delay.

All orders given me will be filled promptly and in such manner as to give entire satisfaction.

For price, &c, apply at my Store on Market Square.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 9-310-tf

DRY GOODS.

GREATER BARGAINS

THAN EVER.

COME, AND CONVINCE YOURSELF OF THE fact.

3000 yards of all the latest, and most desirable styles

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

at greatly reduced Prices.

3,500 yards of bleached and brown

SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,

at prices to suit the times.

6,000 yards all desirable and fast color

PRINTS,

almost given away.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES
HATS AND BONNETS,
RIBBONS AND TRIMMINGS,

together with a fine assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention,—all to be sold at rates to suit everybody.

Miles & Son's, and other makes, of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES AND BOOTEES,

at greatly reduced prices.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Aug 1-302-tf No. 16 Fayetteville St.

GREATEST BARGAINS

OF THE SEASON.

2000 Yds. Calicoes, fast Colors, 10 and 12½c.

1,000 Yds. Fine Pacific Lawns, 1400 Cloth, 20c.

3-4 Lenos—good styles, 25 to 30c.

Shepherd plaid Mozambiques 30 to 40c.

6-4 Linens—6 yards makes a full dress, at 60c.

CALL AND TAKE A LOOK

before we sell them all out

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

—AND—

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

Portsmouth, Va.

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

Aug 13-5-3m

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } WAKE COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, MAY TERM, 1867.

In rem. On the matter of Romulus M. Saunder's will.

It appearing to the satisfaction of this Court that William J. Saunders, and Bradly T. Johnson, and his wife Jane Johnson, heirs at law of the testator, the said R. M. Saunders, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is ordered that advertisement be made in the Semi-Weekly *Sentinel*, for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held on the 3rd. Monday in August next, then and there to see proceedings in this matter, and to make themselves parties thereto, if they shall see proper so to do.

Witness, J. J. FERRELL, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 3rd. Monday in May, A. D 1867. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

June 19-2awiw

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The Copartnership of J. D. C. & J. M. POOL, Manufacturers of Tobacco, &c., was dissolved by mutual consent the 30th. June last.

J. M. POOL, has disposed of his interest to his late partner, J. D. C. Pool, who assumes all liabilities, and is authorized to close the business of the concern.

The business will be continued by J. D. C. Pool.

J. D. C. POOL,
J. M. POOL.

Kittrell's, Aug 14-1aw3t*

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

I am prepared to furnish any quantity of Choice Meal at short notice, and have constantly on hand FIFTY BUSHELS, at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 8 309-tf

FRUIT TREES AND GRAPE VINES.

Those wishing to supply themselves with choice and improved varieties of FRUIT TREES and GRAPE VINES, from the famous Nurseries of Westbrook & Co., Greensboro, N. C., will please leave their orders with us, and we will deliver them the trees and vines at our store, opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street.

We will be prepared, in a few days, to furnish Catalogues from which those wishing to order can make such selections as they wish before giving us their orders.

Choice fruit sells well in any market, and in view of the difficulty of procurring labor for the successful cultivation of Cotton, &c., farmers should lose no time in bestowing a portion of their attention to orchards and vineyards. An inconsiderable amount of money, expended now in the purchase of choice fruit trees, and such grape vines as experience has proven to be best adapted to our soil and climate, will, in a few years, bring in the return of hundreds of dollars. Orders are respectfully solicited.

JENKINS & PERRY.
Aug 16-8-tf Agents.

HANDSOME GREY MARE, FOR SALE.

I will sell my thoughbred IRON GREY MARE. She is six years old in May 1868. She is by PHIL. BROWN out of a Lexington Mare, is 15 hands high and weighs about 1000lbs. She works kindly anywhere, rides well, and is in every way reliable. Price $400.

Apply to

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Aug 16-8-tf
Standard and Progress copy.

STIEFF'S CELEBRATED PIANOS!

A SAMPLE INSTRUMENT is now on exhibition at TUCKER'S NEW HALL.

These Pianos are unsurpassed. The prices are very reasonable, and we will sell on accommodating terms to responsible parties.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
Aug 16-8-tf Raleigh, N. C.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System,—that accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1866, was 25½ per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or S

THE SENTINEL.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1867.

From the Petersburg Index.

BASE BALL ON THE BRAIN.

At length the war cry's hushed and still,
And peaceful are the signs
The cannon's roar affrights us not
"All quiet on the lines!"
No more the fearful charge we brave—
For raids we look in vain,
But still excitement we must have,
And we've base ball on the brain!
Base ball, base ball,
Base ball on the brain;
But still excitement we must have,
And we've base ball on the brain.

The gay young spark, he skips around,
And cuts a dashing swell,
As in uniform to the playing ground,
He escorts his charming belle;
And then, to show his dexterous skill,
A "bat" he breaks in twain,
And senseless sprawls his Polly Ann—
For he's base ball on the brain.
Base ball, base ball, &c.

The darkey, he's a freedman now,
And proud as proud can be;
With "bat" and "ball" and "uniform,"
There's none so gay as he.
To get him to take up his hoe
All efforts are in vain,
For the fever rages high, you know,
And he's base ball on the brain!
Base ball, base ball, &c.

And there's the little urchin, too,
With impertinence he is great,
As he holds his "bat" invitingly
Just knee-high o'er the "pasture."
The "pitcher" sends a whirling "ball,"
For a "skyer" he is fain,
But "foul," the "umpire" loudly calls,
With base ball on the brain!
Base ball, base ball, &c.

The girls, too, spring lordly man,
Have taken up the chase,
And with Bloomer pants, and gaiters high,
They fly from "home" to "base!"
In faith, I think, the truth to tell,
There's none of us quite sane,
But that we all have (Boylan's Field,)
And base ball on the brain!
Base ball, base ball, &c.

GEORGIA SCENES.

Old Stanwix tells the following Georgia story, and vouches for its truthfulness:

About thirty-three and a third years ago, there dwelt in one of the rural districts of Georgia an old codger by the name of Butt-Cutt Kaylor, who had formerly enjoyed the honors and emoluments pertaining to the office of Justice of the Peace, the duties of which office he discharged with acknowledged "ability" and dignity; and so far as his neighbors were capable of judging, he appeared to be a very honest man. He had, however, acquired the habit of "tramping up" accounts against the estates of those of his neighbors who were so unfortunate as to "shuffle off their mortal coils" within the bounds of his balliwick. He had carried the practice to such an extent as to arouse a suspicion in the minds of some of his medisecne neighbors, that there might be "something dead" somewhere in "the seat of his"—financial operations. Bob Cregan, who lived in the neighborhood, and "run" the post office at the cross roads, being something of a wag, and having an idea that the 'Squire's honesty should be quoted below par, concluded, with the connivance and assistance of a few comrades, to "unearth the s'y old fox," and expose his rascalities.—Accordingly Bob pretended to die, was regularly shrouded and laid out on the cooling board in the most approved fashion, and sorrowing friends proceeded to spread the news of his demise, which soon reached the years of old Butt-Cutt. He lost no time in repairing to the house of mourning, carrying with him a "full and complete assortment" of first-class condolence and sympathy, for gratuitous distribution among the members of the bereaved family, and the many sorrowing friends of the supposed deceased, who were present when he arrived. After he had relieved his heart of its burden of healing words, and had succeeded in a tolerable effort at crying, and was about to leave the scene, he tenderly spoke as follows:

"Ah, poor Bob; I'm sorry he died, he was a good feller, and I allus liked him. When me and him went to the races at Augusta—now nigh onto two years ago—I loaned him a hundred dollars to bet onto a bay mare, and he lost and has never paid me a cent of that money from that day to this. Poor feller, he forgot it I reckon, but its a honest debt; of course, I can git out of his estate, and——"

Butt-Cutt didn't finish the sentence, for just at this point Bob, the corpse, slowly raised up in his shroud, and stretching out his arms toward the old rogue, as if to clutch him, yelled:

"You are an old infernal old liar, and if——"

The din and roar drowned the rest, and old Butt-Cutt didn't wait to see or hear anything more, but with the hurried exclamation, "goddlemity," he shot through the door, hurried to his home, "packed his traps," and not only left the neighborhood, but the State of Georgia, forever.

A youth, on leaving his aunt's house after a visit, finding it was beginning to rain, caught up an umbrella that was snugly placed in a corner, and was proceeding to open it, when the old lady, who for the first time observed his movements, sprang toward him, exclaiming: "No, no; that you never shall. I've had that umbrella twenty-three years, and it has never been wet yet; and I'm sure it shant be wetted now!"

"My son, would you suppose that the Lord's prayer could be engraved in a space no larger than the area of a half farthing?" "Well, yes, father, if a half farthing is as large in every body's eye as it is in yours, I think there would be no difficulty in putting it on about four times."

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

GOOD NEW
BETTER BRAND NEW!!
BEST NEW!!

25 Barrels Fine Extra and No. 1. Family, in store and for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 5-285-tf

CONCORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

The next Session will commence on the first Monday of September and will close on the 20th of December.

Partial payments will be required in advance. Money dollars paid in advance, will settle the whole amount for tuition, board and contingent fee for the session

Moderate extra charges will be made for Music, Latin, French, Drawing and Ornamental Penmanship.

For Circulars, address,

J. M. H. CALDWELL,
July 25-287-1w&3w* Statesville, N. C.

WESTERN N. C. R. R. }
JULY 20th, 1867. }

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the "Western North Carolina Rail Road Company" will be held at Salisbury, on the last Thursday (30th.) of August.

A special train will be run each way on that day for the accommodation of Stockholders only, who will procure tickets of the Agents.

R. F. SIMONTON, Sec'y.

July 29-tf

RECONSTRUCTION.—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th. day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas, were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,'" passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disquality him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction acts of Congress known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

(Passed over the President's Veto, March 23, 1867.)

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel states shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose; and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishments shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates, and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State: Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate pro tem.

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th. section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district named in the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel states, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for ——months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty-day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of said state in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such state by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON.

Charlotte, July 12-288-3tawtOct 1.

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
HILLSBORO, N. C.

MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 29th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.

June 3-253-3m*

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN S. DANCY, of TARBORO, N.C.
JOHN H. HYMAN, of SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,
Late of Tarboro, N. C.
DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place,
NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

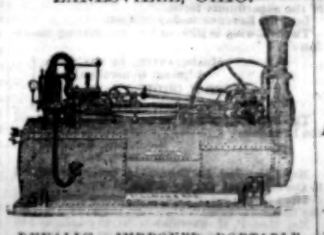
We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. B. UTLEY.
Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY
PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

JOHN B. GRETTER.
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
June 26-271-3m Sole Agent for N. C.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK,
SUCCESSORS TO
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPPLY of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to come to CREECH'S to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep no time worn or shelf rubbed remnants. I buy new goods and good styles and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods.—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street

ALEXANDER CREECH.

May 31-250-tf

Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,
TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROI.
DEEP LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-204-tf

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE
TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,
ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,
Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.

mar 29-118-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,
Sheet Lead,
Lead Pipe,
Iron Pipe,
Terra Cotta Pipe,
Brass Cocks,
Plated Cocks,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,
Water Closets,
Iron and China Basins,
Hydrants,
Pumps,
Rams, Fountains,
Water Wheels
Garden Vases,
Water-Coolers,
Refrigerators, &c.
Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Patapsco Cook,
Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Beebe Range,
European Range,
Magee Range,
Spence Range,
Emerald Range,
Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
All the different styles of Grates,
High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 1st. PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANOS.

FACTORIES 84 & 86 CAMDEN ST. AND 45 & 47 PERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. OFFICE, AND WAREROOMS NO. 7. W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.,

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Pianos now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

REFERENCES: (Who have our Pianos in use) Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va., Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C., Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C., Max Strakosch, Director Italian Opera, and Miss Caroline M. Richings, of the English Opera.

TERMS LIBERAL. A CALL IS SOLICITED.

May 22-243-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR
OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,
Mechanical and Operative Dentis
RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:
From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission
MERCHANTS,
No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chains,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-163-tf

A LOT OF NICE BREAD CORN,
ALSO,
30 Gross Parlor Matches.
Just received and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Aug 10-311-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special departments on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Gymnastic, Equestrian Exercises, Music, Amusements, etc., all by the best authors, and profusely and artistically illustrated with costly Engravings (full size), useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, Jewelry, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife or lady of taste, can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies 30 cents; back numbers, as specimens, 40 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies, $7 50; five copies $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $2 each with the first premiums to each subscriber.

Address

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Demorest's Monthly and Young America together, $4, with the premiums for each.

mar-15-187-tf

S. H & W. J. YOUNG,
OUR STOCK COMPLETE!

WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys,

ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES,

&c., &c.

Call and see us at the old stand of

May 3-227-tf S. H. YOUNG.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. LAWRENCES,
CELEBRATED
ROSADALIS,
THE GREAT SOUTHERN
Blood and Liver Medicine,
FOR SALE BY
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,
RALEIGH, N. C.
PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

Recommended by distinguished Physicians, Chemists &c., &c.

June 26-271-tf

ST. CLEMENT'S HALL.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
ELLICOTTS MILLS, Md.,
(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling SOUTHERN BOYS, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern Schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful.—The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every care is taken to unite the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pup